



A step-change in quantitative social science skills

ESRC and HEFCE

MANCHESTER ...

# Manchester City Council – Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) and Trauma Responsive Programme

Hana AlWakeel | BA (Hons) Politics, Philosophy and Economics

### **Overview of the Data Fellowship**

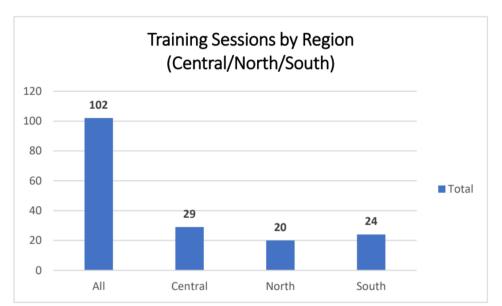
Manchester's ACEs programme aims to create an ACE-aware, trauma-informed and trauma responsive city through delivering sector-specific trauma-informed trainings to frontline practitioners across the city.

Over the 9-week fellowship, my tasks ranged from conducting interviews with the Youth Justice and Housing sectors, developing a project-wide Logic Model and an Outcomes Framework, designing feedback surveys and carrying out two in-depth analytical reports on the impact of the training delivered on practitioners, the workforce and the community.

### **Data Analysis**

The first report analysed the effectiveness of sector-specific trainings conducted across Manchester using the number of attendees, sectors covered and areas receiving the training as metrics. The analysis utilized data between 2020-2023 from a Training Tracker dataset. After cleaning and wrangling the data using Excel, I created a PivotTable to identify the training sessions delivered by their location in Greater Manchester.

To draw more nuanced conclusions, I compared the results against a map of social deprivation levels in Greater Manchester, using the proportion of children (aged 0-19) living in absolute lowincome families\*as an indicator.



17.4 - 20.2

F1. Training sessions delivered by region across Manchester (Central/North/South)

## **Findings**

- The majority of training sessions (58.3%) were delivered to frontline practitioners city-wide. The rest of the sessions were approximately evenly widespread across the city.
- Indicators of social deprivation demonstrate the levels of deprivation being highest in the Northern and Central areas of the city.
- Therefore, while the training sessions are not confined to a
  particular area, the data implies a need for more targeted
  interventions—training sessions and resources—in the most
  deprived Northern and Central regions.

### **Key Skills Learnt**

#### Critical Analysis

- Identifying patterns across different data sets and how each contributes to the wider picture
- Engaging in a process of continuous inquiry to understand why certain trends/ conclusions occur (e.g., looking at the training location in relation to social deprivation in those areas)

#### Open-mindedness

- Reflecting on the project and its tasks and identifying room for improvement
- Being open to finding alternatives and adapting to the evolving project strategy

#### Data Management

- Greater understanding of the 'language of Excel' and translating what I need into functions
- Creating dynamic dashboards of large data sets to allow for interactivity

#### Adaptive Communication

- Presenting the same data in different ways depending on the target audience (e.g., Logic Model visualisations vs report diagram)
- Understanding the message and purpose behind the work and using this info to inform the presentation style and language

#### **OUR STRATEGY**

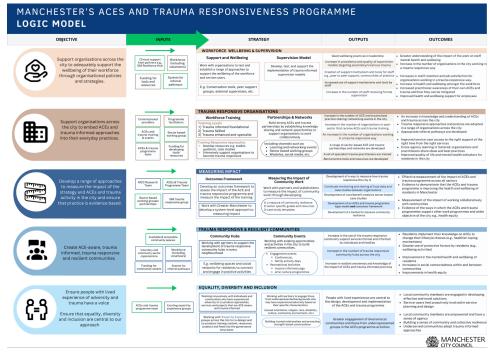












F2. A comprehensive Logic Model, capturing the project's strategy and synthesising data about the different trauma-informed activities across the city.