Bioscience Laboratory Ergonomic Check List

Laboratory workers should have a basic understanding of ergonomic principles, and be able to recognise risk factors and symptoms. associated with poor ergonomic design. The design of the job itself (work/rest schedules, job rotation), work tools and the workstation (dimension/layout) all have a direct impact on the risk of injury. Incorporating ergonomic principles into the design of laboratory tools and workstations, and reviewing work processes to maximize efficiencies can help prevent work related injuries. Periodic review of the work environment, tools and procedures helps to assure that necessary modifications are made as processes change.

Laboratory Checklist

This document will help you consider some of the specific ergonomic hazards associated with laboratory environments. Designed for use by both safety specialists and laboratory workers, the checklist also includes information to help eliminate or reduce identified risks.

How to Use the Checklist

Step One: Complete the Laboratory Checklist for the tasks being completed in your laboratory. Answer N/A if the question does not apply to the task. Include all meaningful comments for each area.

Step Two: Each "NO" answer indicates a risk of injury or sub-optimal condition. For each "NO" answer, consider changes or modifications to the workstation or task to result in a yes response. When considering changes, obtain input from the workers, supervisors, and other safety specialists if available. Whenever possible, evaluate equipment before making purchases and before modifying the work areas or tasks. This process will help increase product acceptance, test product usability, and durability, and take advantage of worker experience.

Laboratory Ergonomics Checklist

		Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
	Standing Bench				
	 Is the height of the bench appropriate for the work performed? a. Work can be positioned close to elbow height b. Work can be performed with shoulders relaxed 			Adjustable height benches Adjustable chair Temporary standing platforms Move the task to a seated bench with adjustable chair	
Maximum Work Area Normal Work Area Normal Work Area 12 5 7 1 15 5 1 15 9	2. Are primary work tools and supplies located within arm's reach from table edge?			Reposition tools and supplies within easy reach Provide tool organisers, turntable workstations, turntables, storage bins, pipette holders and carousels	
	3. Is there knee and foot clearance when completing standing tasks in front of the bench?			☐ Work at open bench cut outs ☐ Remove supplies and equipment from bench cut out areas	
	4. Is a foot rail or prop available			☐ Install rails or foot props☐ Use footrest	

		Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
	5. Does the bench have rounded or padded edges to reduce contact stress?			Add edge rests and protectors to eliminate sharp edges Use gel pads on surface to protect elbows Wear custom padded sleeves under lab coat	
	6. Does the work require frequent movement between workstations?			Review and, if necessary, redesign work to reduce movement between workstations to optimise workflow	
	Seated Bench				
	7. Are bench cutouts available for seated workers?			☐ Redesign benches to provide cutouts for seated work ☐ Provide sit-stand chairs to improve knee clearance when working ☐ Clear out cutouts if cluttered with supplies or equipment	
Planning (ME) Stanning (ME) Stanning (ME) Stanning (ME) Stanning (ME)	8. Are work items within close reach?			☐ Reposition tools and supplies within easy reach ☐ Provide tool organisers, turntable workstations, turntables, storage bins, pipette holders and carousels	
	9. Is seated bench available for tasks requiring precision and close inspection?			☐ Provide arm supports for stability if not available ☐ Provide sit-stand stools ☐ Provide adjustable work platforms to position work at optimal height	

		Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
	Laboratory Chairs				
	10. Can the laboratory chairs be adjusted to accommodate all workers?a. Seat height appropriate for work at height of benches?b. Feet supported on floor, ring or footrest?			Provide chairs with adjustable height and angle seats and backrests Provide chairs with foot rings Provide footrests	
	11. Are armrests adjustable or removable if they interfere with work?			Adjust armrests to provide support with shoulders in neutral postures Remove armrests	
	12. Are appropriate footrests or footrings provided?			Provide industrial footrest Install foot ring on chair Install rail or platform	
	13. Do employees know how to adjust chairs?			Train employees to adjust chair	
	Microscopes				
CORRECT	14. Can employees view the eyepiece with neutral neck, shoulder and back postures? (Neck flexion < 25°, shoulders relaxed, back upright and supported by chair?)			Reposition microscope Adjust height Adjust angle Reposition worker Adjust posture Adjust seat height Adjust seat angle use arm support/pad	

		Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
	15. Is the microscope positioned within easy reach of the worker? (Generally close to the edge of the workbench)			Reposition microscope Move closer to front of counter Reposition worker Adjust posture Sit closer to bench	
Docovery X B	16. Can the microscope be positioned to promote neutral head, neck, shoulders and arm postures when used?			Reposition microscope Use microscope adapters Positioning plate Ergo adapter Optical wedge Extended eyetube Eyepiece adapter Use video system	
	17. Are arms supported by worksurface, chair armrests, or pads for prolonged work?			Use arm supports Use pads Adjust armrests Adjust worker position	
	18. Can the worker use the microscope controls with arms supported and relaxed?			Reposition microscope Use microscope adapters Use arm supports/pads Adjust armrests Adjust worker position	
	19. Is there sufficient legroom and foot support when using the microscope?				
	20. Are microscope work breaks provided?			☐ Institute work rotation☐ Institute work breaks	

	Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
Pipettes				
21. Is use of pipettes managed so as to avoid long periods of pipetting?			☐ Institute work rotation ☐ Institute work breaks ☐ Consider use of alternative pipettes	
22. If long periods of pipette useage are unavoidable, are multi-channel, electronic or latch mode pipettes available?			Evaluate use of alternative pipettes Electronic Latch-mode Multi-channel	
23. Have employees been trained to select appropriate pipettes for pipetting task?			Employee training	
24. Are racks, trays, beakers and supplies available and placed within easy reach?			Provide racks and trays Position supplies within close reach Use pipette racks and organisers	
25. Are vials, tubes and receptacles as low profile as possible?			Provide short beakers and vials Provide short tips and tubes provide short/angled waste receptacles	

	Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
26. Do workers pipette with shoulders relaxed, and arms and wrists in neutral postures?			☐ Employee posture training☐ Adjust work position☐ Adjust workstation set-up	
27. Are rest breaks provided?			provide work breaks or work rotation	
Micromanipulation				
28. If forceps are used for prolonged periods, are locking mechanisms, orings or other adapted aides used to reduce prolonged or static pinch forces?			Provide adapted tweezers/forceps O-rings Pads/foam grips Self-closing Low force tools Alternate fingers/hands	
29. Are vials easy to cap and thread?			Provide easy opening caps Provide vials with minimal number of threads	
30. Are cap openers available?			Provide decapping tools	
31. Are clamps and holders available to support test tubes and other materials that must be held for prolonged periods?			Provide vial clamps Provide racks, holders, shelves, or organisers	

	Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
Microtome/Cryostat				
32. Can workers operate the microtome with hands in a pistol grip position? (Wrist aligned with forearm and in handshake position)			Re-position worker Re-position height, angle or position of microtome Employee training in work postures Use foot operated controls Modify handle position	
33. Is equipment placed in a bench cut out allowing for adequate leg and knee clearance?			☐ Work at bench cut-out ☐ Clear area around microtome/cryostat of obstacles	
34. Is an adjustable chair available at the microtome or cryostat that provides back and foot support?			☐ Provide adjustable chair ☐ Provide chair with head support if working in reclined position ☐ Consider mirror system to improve view of samples	
35. Do employees have access to a motorised microtome/cryostat for high intensity/volume work?			Consider electronic cryostat for high volume workloads	

	Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
Lab. Hoods & Biosafety Cabinets				
36. Is leg, knee clearance available to promote neutral sitting postures when using the hood or cabinet?			Clear knee area under cabinet or hood Use sit/stand stool	
37. Can workers work with shoulders relaxed when sitting or standing?			Consider height adjustable hood or cabinet Use height adjustable stool/chair	
38. Is padding available to reduce soft tissue compression (edge padding or arm pads)?			Use elbow pads Use edge padding Use arm supports	
39. Are materials inside the hoods and cabinets as close as possible to the worker to avoid over-reaching?			Position receptacles within close reach Use turntables, rotating organizers, angled platforms	

40. Are vials, tubes and receptacles as low profile as possible?	Yes	No _	Change/Modification Provide low profile vials, tubes and receptacles Angle receptacles to position within closer reach	Comments
Miscellaneous 41. Are bottle dispensers and bottom dispensing aspirators/carboys available to dispense liquids?			Provide bottle dispensers Provide bottom dispensing aspirators/carboys Provide bottles with handles	
 42. Is there adequate and appropropriate storage for supplies? a. Is sufficient space available for supplies? b. Are heavy bottles and boxes stored on low shelves? 			Provide storage for supplies Place heavy items on shelves between knees and chest level	

		Yes	No	Change/Modification	Comments
	43. Are cut-outs clear of storage and available for use?			Clear cut-outs of clutter Provide cut-out areas for working at bench using work surface cut-outs or platforms	
	44. Are jars easy to open or are jar openers available?			Provide jar openers	
To Order Cultin quarter of the proper part of the p	45. Are temporary platforms available for tasks that require elevating arms above chest level for prolonged periods?			Consider standing platforms or elevated work areas (Consider safety issues and reduce fall risks before using)	
	46. Are there adequate bins and racks for frequently used items?			Provide bins, racks and shelves for frequently used items	