Multimedia Glossary

- AIFF: Audio interchange file format an uncompressed audio file format developed by Apple.
- **Blog:** A regularly updated website or webpage, typically run by an individual or group.
- **Browser:** The program a website visitor is using to view a website. Google Chrome, Firefox
- CSS or Cascading Style Sheets: language used to change the look and functionality of websites.
- Codec: A program that encodes or decodes digital information. They are used to create or read audio and video files.
- Compression: A method of reducing file sizes, particularly in digital media such as photos, audio and video.
- **Content:** the information presented within a website or blog.
- CMS or Content Management System: backend tool for managing a site's content that separates said content from the design and functionality of the site
- **Domain:** The domain is the name by which a website is identified. The domain is associated with an IP address
- **HD:** High definition.
- HTML: Stands for Hypertext Mark-up Language.
 It's the primary language used to write web pages.
- Hyperlink: A hyperlink is a link from one web page to another, either on the same site or another one.
- MP3: A standard audio file format which uses lossy compression. Compatible with most media players. Designed by the Moving picture experts group - layer 3.
- Open source: A model for creating technology that promotes free access to its design and makes it free to share.
- **Pixel:** the basic unit of programmable colour on a computer display or in a computer image.

- Plugin: A plug-in is a bit of third party code that extends the capabilities of a website. It's most often used in conjunction with a CMS or blogging platform.
- **Post:** A single unit of content on a blog, made up of a title and text.
- Raster: Image made of pixels so it can be styled more but loses quality when made bigger Example: photo
- **Resolution**: The physical number of pixels displayed on a screen.
- **SD:** Standard definition.
- **Sidebar:** One or more columns generally found on the side of most blogs and contain plugins.
- Social Media: websites and applications that enable users to create and share content or to participate in social networking.
- **Streaming:** Data that is sent in pieces. Each piece is viewed as it arrives, eg a streaming video is watched as it downloads.
- **Template:** A template is a file used to create a consistent design across a website. Templates are often used in conjunction with a CMS.
- **Uncompressed:** A file which has not had any data removed through compression.
- **URL:** Stands for Uniform Resource Locator. A site's URL is its address, the item that specifies where on the Internet it can the found.
- Vector Image: Instead of using pixels to represent images, vectors use lines and shapes. Because they do not rely on pixels, enlarged vector images still maintain image clarity and quality.
- WAV: An uncompressed audio file format developed by Microsoft.
- Web Server: A web server is a computer that has software installed and networking capabilities that allow it to host web sites and pages and make them available to internet users located elsewhere.