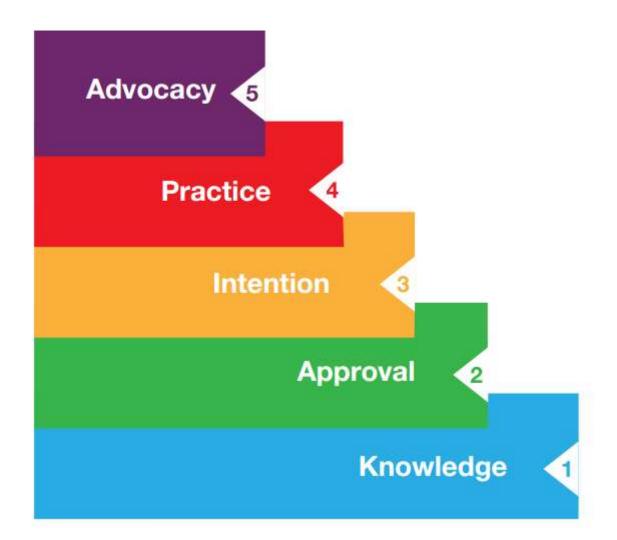
Applying behaviour change-based health promotion strategies across the disaster cycle

Nancy Claxton, IFRC @ University of Manchester

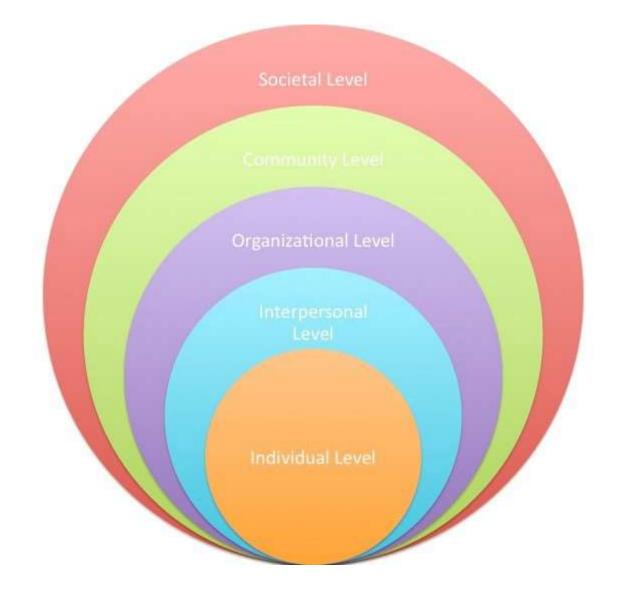
November 21, 2017

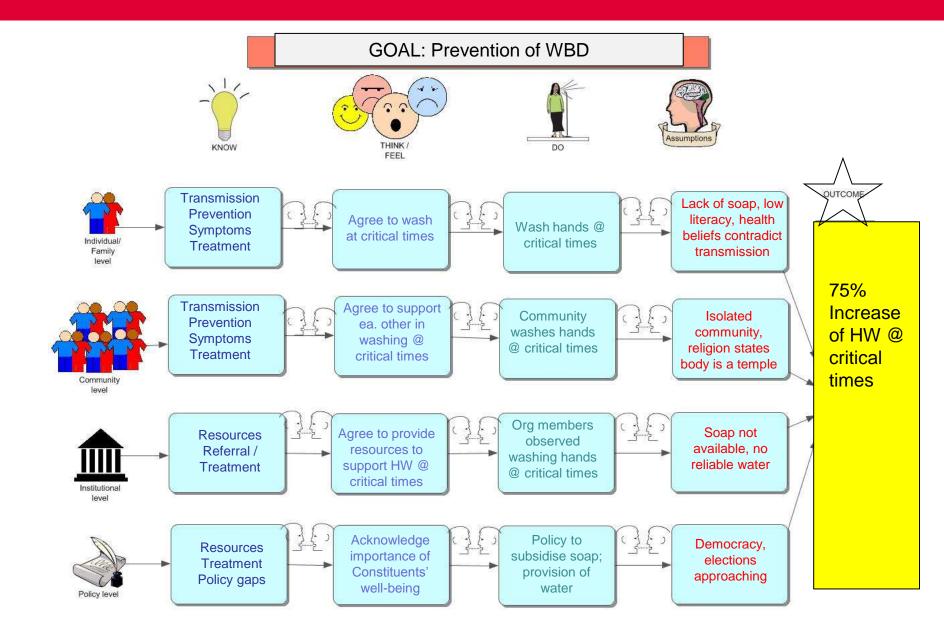


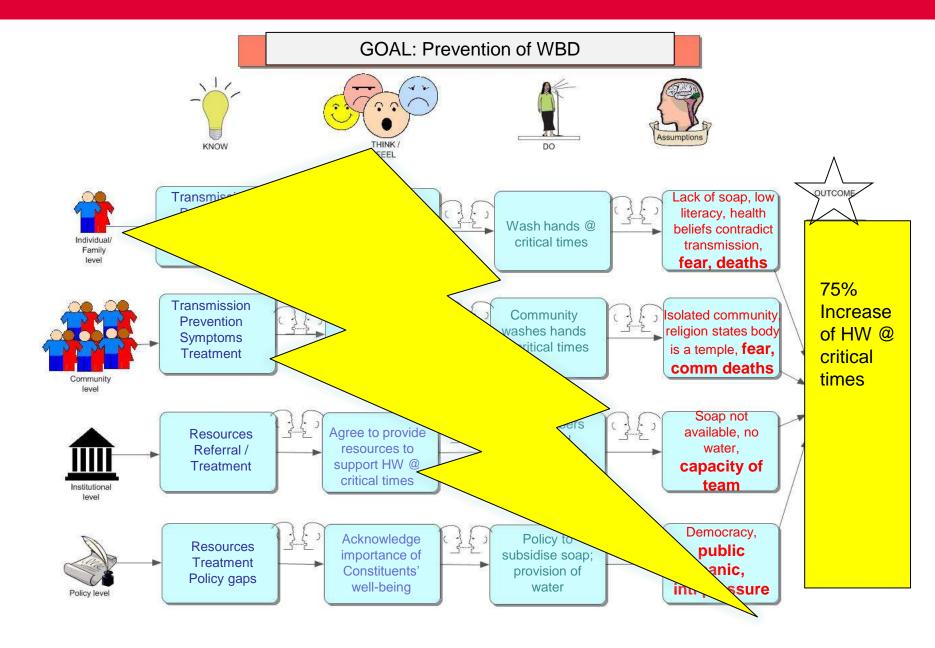












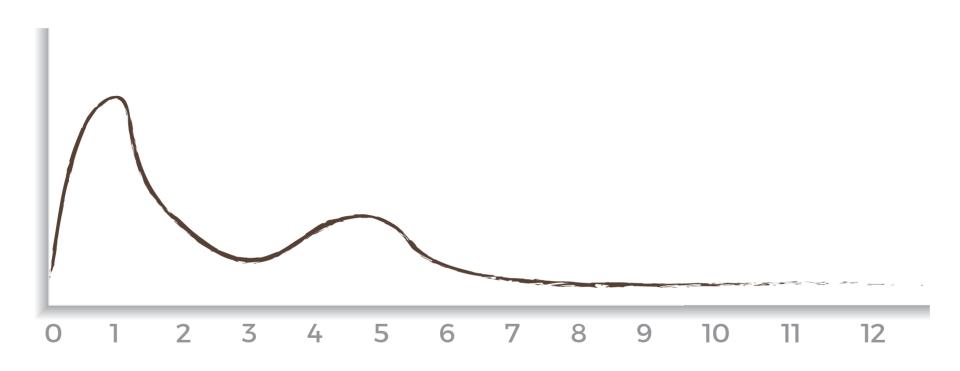


Natural disaster



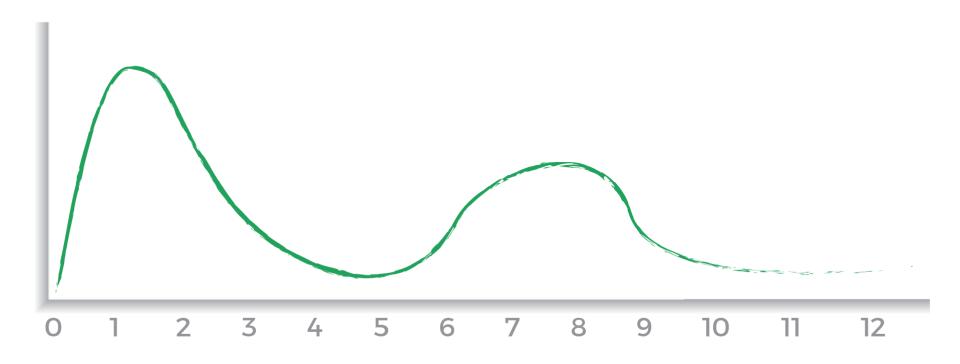


1 - Trauma surgery



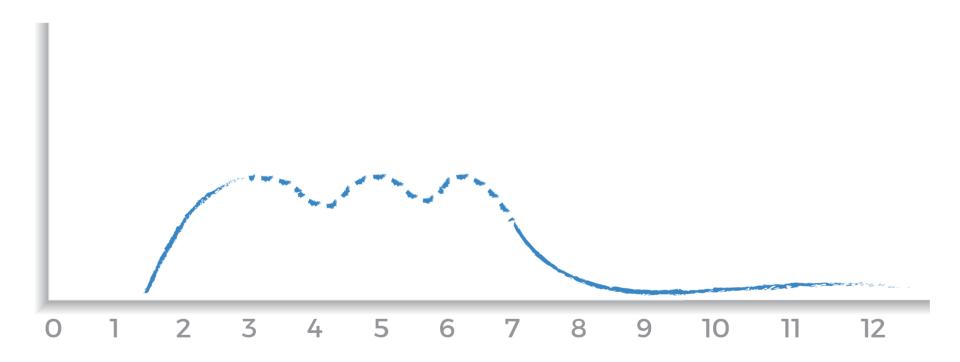


2 - Waterbourne diseases



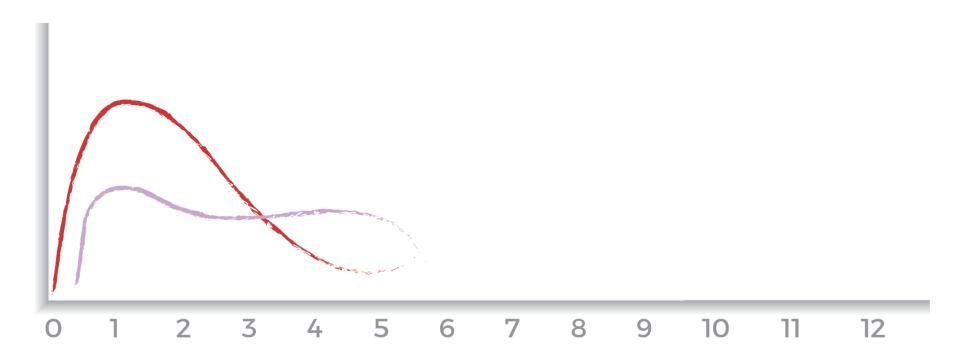


3 - Vector bourne diseases



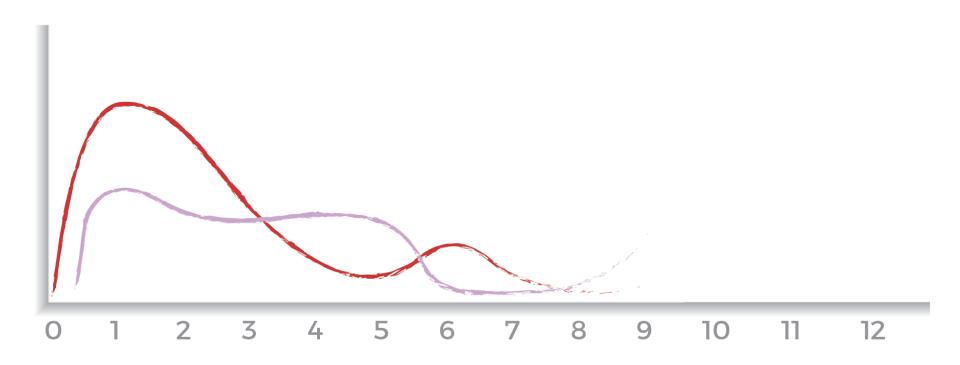


4a - Maternal and newborn



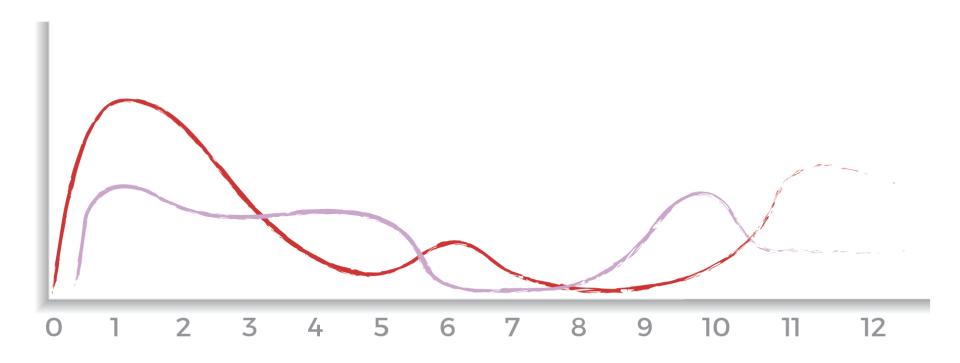


4b - Maternal and newborn



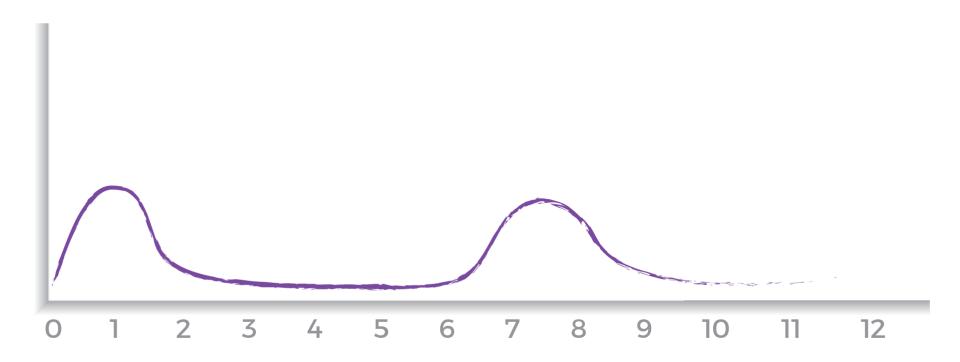


4c - Maternal and newborn



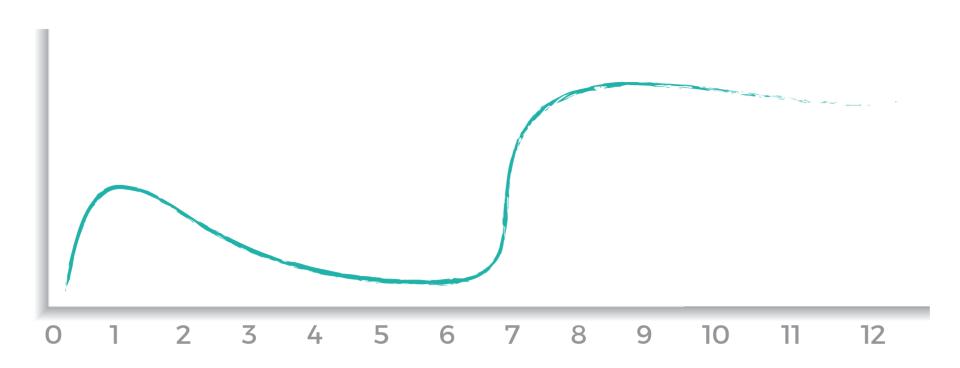


5 - Vaccine preventable diseases



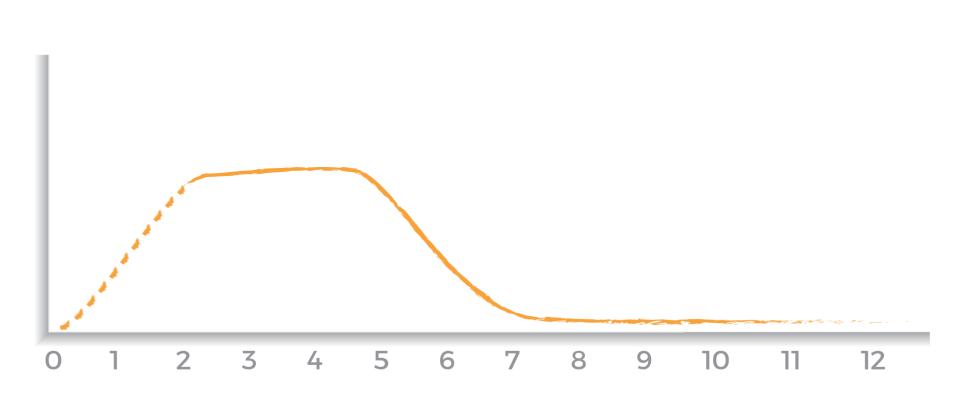


6 - Mental health



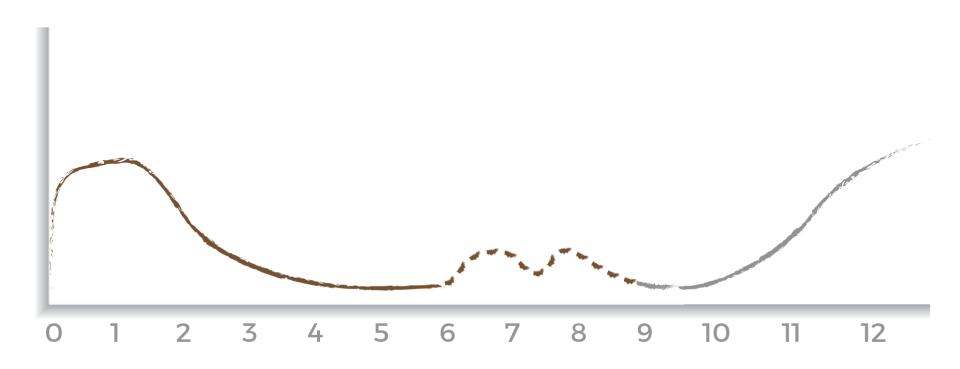


7 - NCD



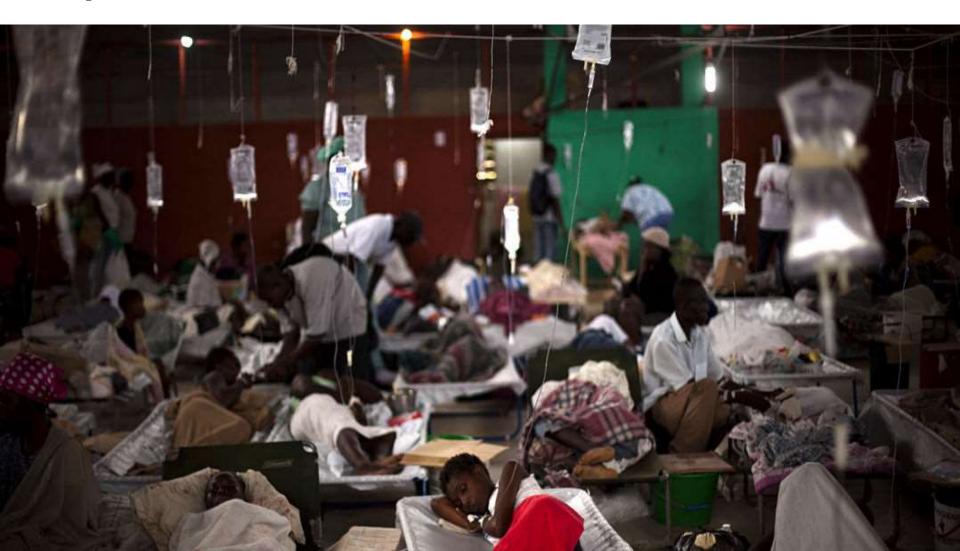


8b - Neglected diseases





Epidemic Outbreak



International Federation of Red Cross and Rec

Health Promotion and Community Engagement

Behaviour Change Lit review

Please find here updated behaviour change tools, communengagement guidance and training for volunteers and staff responding to the plague outbreak. Health promotion activities for communities include social distancing, respiratory etiquette, vector control, hand washing, application of insect repellent and safe burials practices.

To review research on behaviour change used in previous plague outbreaks, fear and stigma around highly infectious diseases and previous Madagascar interventions, click here:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B0eUEih9vsw3LWxmekEyV0txYnc

Updated ECV tools for Bubonic Plague, Coughing (Pneumonic) Plague:

ECV Coughing Plague (Pneumonic)

ECV Bubonic Plague

Associated ECV Action Tools

Training module and toolkit for Madagascar volunteers on transmission, symptoms, treament and prevention

Plague Toolkit (English)

Plague Toolkit (French)

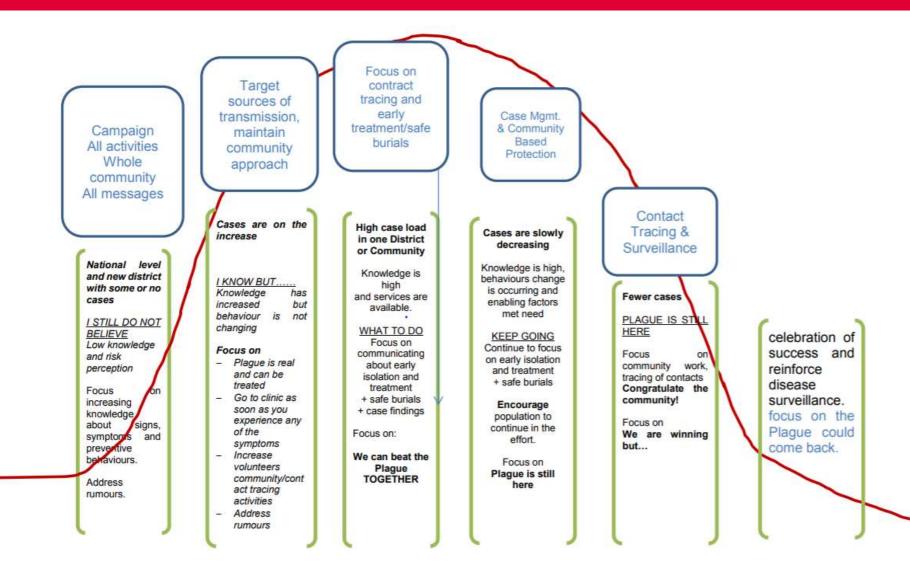
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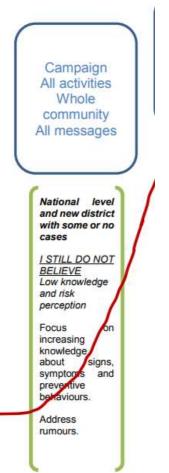
Nancy Ell (nancy.cla

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Fact Sheet Madagascar Plague

The combination of multiple types of plague, multiple ways to spread the infection, high number of urban cases, and high number of cases early in the Plague season (September to April) makes this response unique. Although treatment is the same regardless of the type of Plague, health prevention and symptoms differ based on infection transmission. Nowadays, plague is easily treated with antibiotics and use of standard precautions to prevent acquiring infection.

Fact Sheet: Plague Madagascar

Transmission, treatment, prevention, and control of Plague

1 of 15 🕨

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